Image Orthicon

MAGNETIC FOCUS

S-10 RESPONSE

MAGNETIC DEFLECTION

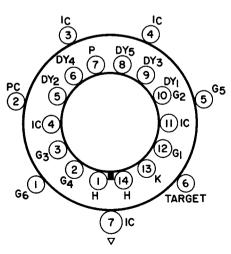
For Color and High-Quality Black-and-White TV Cameras

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GENERAL
Heater, for Unipotential Cathode
Voltage (AC or DC) 6.3 ± 10% V
Current at 6.3 V
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance
Anode to all other electrodes 12 pF
Maximum Target-to-Mesh Spacing 0.0008 in
Photocathode, Semitransparent
Response
Wavelength of maximum response 4500 \pm 300 angstroms
Retangular image (4 x 3 aspect ratio):
Useful size ^b
Focusing Method
Deflection Method
Overall Length
Greatest Diameter of Bulb 3.00 \pm 0.06 in
Minimum Deflecting-Coil Inside Diameter 2-3/8 in
Deflecting-Coil Length
Focusing-Coil Length
Alignment Coil
Length
Position on neck Centerline of coil located 8.5 inches
from the flat area of the jumbo annular base
Photocathode Distance Inside End of Focusing Coil 1/2 in
Operating Position See Operating Considerations Weight (Approx.)
Hergit (Approx.)

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

Shoulder Base: Keyed Jumbo Annular 7-Pin

Pin 1 - Grid No.6 Pin 2 - Photocathode Pin 3 - Do Not Use Pin 4 - Do Not Use Pin 5 - Grid No.5 Pin 6 - Target Pin 7 - Do Not Use



Direction of Light: Perpendicular to large End of Tube

Find Base: Small-Shell Diheptal 14-Pin (JEDEC No.B14-45) Pin 1-Heater Pin 2-Grid No.4 Pin 3-Grid No.3 Pin 4-Do Not Use Pin 5-Dynode No.2 Pin 6-Dynode No.4 Pin 7-Anode Pin 14-Pin (JEDEC No.B14-45) Pin 8-Dynode No.5 Pin 9-Dynode No.3 Pin 10-Dynode No.1, Grid No.2 Pin 12-Grid No.1 Pin 13-Cathode Pin 14-Heater	
ABSOLUTE-MAXIMUM RATINGS	
Photocathode Voltage	V fc
Of any part of bulb	oC oC oC
hotter than image section	V V
Negative value. 10 Grid-No.5 Voltage 150 Grid-No.4 Voltage 300 Grid-No.3 Voltage 400	*
Grid-No.I Voltage Negative-bias value	V V
Heater negative with respect to cathode 125 Heater positive with respect to cathode 10 Anode-Supply Voltage ^c	V V V
TYPICAL OPERATING VALUES	
Photocathode Voltage (Image focus)400 to -540 Grid-No.6 Voltage (Accelerator)—	٧
Approx. 65% of photocathode voltage. 260 to -350 Target-Cutoff Voltage*. 3 to ! Grid-No.5 Voltage (Decelerator) Grid-No.4 Voltage (Beam focus)d 140 to 180 Grid-No.3 Voltagef 225 to 330 Grid-No.1 Voltage for Picture Cutoff 45 to -115 Dynode-No.2 Voltage Dynode-No.3 Voltage Dynode-No.4 Voltage L200 Ander Voltage	oc



Minimum Peak-to-Peak Blanking Voltage		5	٧
Field Strength at Center of Focusing Coil		75	G
Field Strength of Alignment Coil (Approx.)		0 to 3	G

PERFORMANCE DATA

With conditions shown under Typical Operating Values and with picture highlights at the "knee" of the light-transfer characteristic

	Min	Typ	Max	
Cathode Radiant Sensitivity				
at 4500 angstroms	_	0.028	_	μ A/ μ W
Anode Current (DC)	-	30	-	μ A
Signal-Output Current (Peak to Peak)	5	-	38	μ A
Ratio of Peak-to-Peak Highlight				
Video-Signal Current to RMS Noise				
Current for Bandwidth of 4.5 Mc/s.	40:1	55:1	-	
Photocathode Illumination at 2870°K				
Required to Reach "Knee" of Light-				
Transfer Characteristic	-	0.028	0.04	fc
Amplitude Response at 400 TV Lines				
per Picture Height (Per cent of				
large-area black to large-area				
white) ^h	38	55	-	% .

a Proper orientation is obtained when the vertical scan is essentially parallel to the plane passing through center of faceplate and pin 7 of the shoulder base. The horizontal and vertical scan should start at the corner of the raster nearest pin 6 of the shoulder base.

b The size of the optical image focused on the photocathode should be adjusted so that its maximum diagonal does not exceed the specified value. The corresponding electron image on the target should have a size such that the corners of the rectangle just touch the target ring.

C Ratio of dynode voltages is shown under Typical Operating Values.

Direction of current should be such that a north-seeking pole is attracted to the image end of the focusing coil, with the indicator located outside of and at the image end of the focusing coil.

e Normal setting of target voltage is +2 volts from target cutoff. The target supply voltage should be adjustable from -3 volts to +5 volts.

f Adjust to give the most uniformly shaded picture near maximum signal.

Within this range, the actual focusing-voltage value will not differ by more than 2% from that for any other tube when all other operating conditions are held constant, i.e., when different tubes are operated in the same camera with the same deflecting yoke, withfixed focusing-field current, with grid-No.6 voltage at a fixed percentage of the photocathode voltage, and with all other voltages held constant.

Measured with amplifier having flat frequency responses.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

The operating position of the 7513 should preferably be such that any loose particles in the neck of the tube will not fall down and strike or become lodged on the target. Therefore, it is recommended that the tube never be operated in a vertical position with the Diheptal-base end up nor in any other position where the axis of the tube with base up makes an angle of less than 20° with the vertical.

Resolution in excess of 500 lines at the center of the picture can be produced by the 7513.

-Indicates a change.

To utilize the resolution capability of the 7513 in the horizontal direction with the standard scanning rate of 525 lines, it is necessary to use a video amplifier having a bandwidth of at least 6 megacycles.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC of Photosensitive Device having S-10 Response is shown at the front of this Section

